Best Practices for Occupancy Sensors in Server Rooms

Server rooms present a challenging environment for occupancy sensors. They typically have a very high amount of airflow, the airflow is heated, and the space is usually a low-traffic area. Improper or inadequate sensor layouts can lead to undesirable performance in these spaces. Even with a good sensor layout, it is possible the sensors may not perform acceptably if the environment is extremely challenging. There are other methods of automatic shutoff, such as the Lutron® afterhours mode, that can be used instead of occupancy sensors in order to meet energy code requirements. Afterhours mode allows a button press to temporarily override the lights ON. Once the afterhours timeout has expired, the lights will blink to warn any occupants that the lights are about to turn off. After a set ‘blink-warn’ timeout, the lights turn off. Any button press during either the afterhours timeout or the ‘blink-warn’ timeout will restart the afterhours timeout. If occupancy sensors must be used, this document lays out best practices for using occupancy sensors in a server room or similar application.

Best Practices

1. Use Lutron® Radio Powr Savr™ passive infrared (PIR) sensors only. Ultrasonic (US) sensors are too susceptible to high airflow, which makes them a poor choice for server rooms.

2. Use low sensitivity mode. Low sensitivity mode is recommended to avoid having the sensors being tripped by objects moving around in the space due to high airflow. For example, label tags on the side of a server blade may be blown around by the exhaust air coming from the server. If low sensitivity is still being falsely tripped by moving objects in the space, there is a special sensitivity mode available called ultra-low sensitivity mode. This mode is available on sensors with a date code of X01 or greater. This mode is enabled by pressing and holding the sensitivity button until all three LEDs are flashing. Then, release the button and press and hold it for 3 seconds to save. Ultra-low sensitivity mode is recommended to use ONLY when low sensitivity mode is being falsely tripped. When using ultra-low sensitivity mode, additional sensors may need to be added to ensure proper coverage as the effective range is reduced.

* This is the least sensitive setting and can be used for spaces that will generally only experience large motions, such as foot traffic.
Best Practices *(continued)*

3. Keep the PIR sensors greater than or equal to 4 ft (1.22 m) away from any source of cooled/heated airflow. This includes HVAC vents, server rack units with fans, and sources of airflow that may be moving warm air off the servers.

4. The use of hallway PIR sensors is recommended. The flexible mounting bracket, LRF-ARM-WH can be used to adjust the coverage area by angling the sensor downwards. Ceiling- and/or wall-mounted Radio Powr Savr™ sensors can be used to augment the coverage provided by the hallway sensors.

5. It is recommended to have hallway sensors pointing in both directions down a server hallway. This ensures that while one sensor may be temporarily blocked by a person working behind a mobile workstation, the other sensor will be able to detect them.

6. It is recommended to use a 30 minute timeout where permissible by local code. This ensures that the sensors will have ample opportunity to detect a person doing work in the space and prevent the lights from going off when the space may be occupied.

7. PIR technology ultimately relies on a difference in temperature between the human body and the environment in which it surrounds. In the event a server room reaches temperatures similar to the surface of the human body, the sensor’s detection range will be significantly reduced. If the HVAC design of your space allows for such temperatures to exist, it is highly recommended to overlap sensor coverage as much as possible to reduce potential gaps in coverage caused by a high-ambient temperature environment.

* Sensor mounting shown at 7 ft (2.1 m). Mounting height should be between 6 ft and 8 ft (1.6 m and 2.4 m) and centered within the hallway.
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Lutron Contact Numbers

WORLD HEADQUARTERS
USA
Lutron Electronics Co., Inc.
7200 Suter Road
Coopersburg, PA 18036-1299
TEL: +1.610.282.3800
FAX: +1.610.282.1243
support@lutron.com

North & South America
Customer Assistance
USA, Canada, Caribbean:
1.844.LUTRON1 (1.844.588.7661)
Mexico:
+1.888.235.2910
Central/South America:
+1.610.282.6701

EUROPEAN HEADQUARTERS
United Kingdom
Lutron EA Ltd.
6 Sovereign Close
London, E1W 3JF United Kingdom
TEL: +44.(0)20.7702.0657
FAX: +44.(0)20.7480.6899
FREEPHONE (UK): 0800.282.107
Technical Support: +44.(0)20.7680.4481
lutronlondon@lutron.com

ASIAN HEADQUARTERS
Singapore
Lutron GL Ltd.
390 Havelock Road
#07-04 King’s Centre
Singapore 169662
TEL: +65.6220.4666
FAX: +65.6220.4333
Technical Support: 800.120.4491
lutronsea@lutron.com

Asia Technical Hotlines
Northern China: 10.800.712.1536
Southern China: 10.800.120.1536
Hong Kong: 800.901.849
Indonesia: 001.803.011.3994
Japan: +81.3.5575.8411
Macau: 0800.401
Taiwan: 00.801.137.737
Thailand: 001.800.120.665853
Other Countries: +65.6220.4666